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# The importance of blades

- Blades represent about 18% of wind turbine ex works cost.
- Wind turbine generator represents about 55% of lifetime capital cost.
- ▶ Hence blades amount to about 10% of total lifetime cost.
- Thus 1% energy gain trades with 10% blade cost reduction.

### Blades need to be improved in both their capabilities and their cost

CAPABILITIES

Blade length continues to grow to increase efficiency and annual energy production Carbon fiber replaces glass fiber to reduce blades' weight and increase robustness Aerodynamic technology (Cp/Ct coefficients) is being substantially improved

TSOS

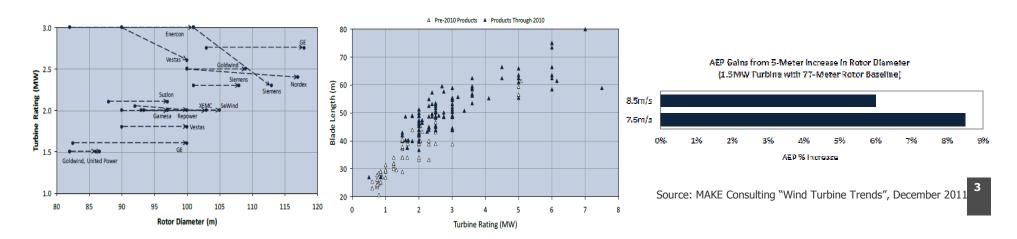
Blades are being split in two parts to facilitate inland transport and reduce logistics costs Manufacturing processes are being automated to reduce costs, minimize errors & variability



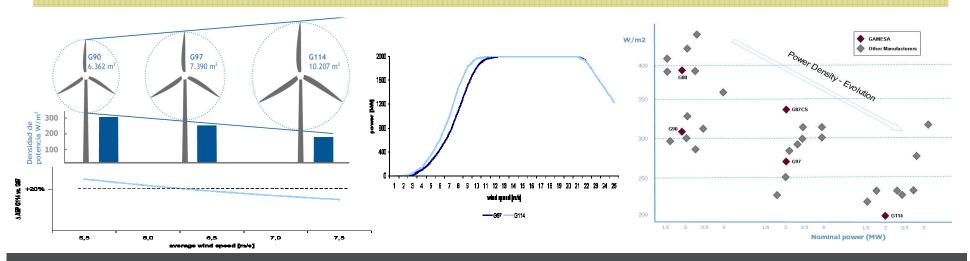


# Main trends - blade length growth

Blade length continues to grow to increase efficiency in low wind turbines



Example: Gamesa's G90, G97 and G114 substantially increase AEP with larger blades

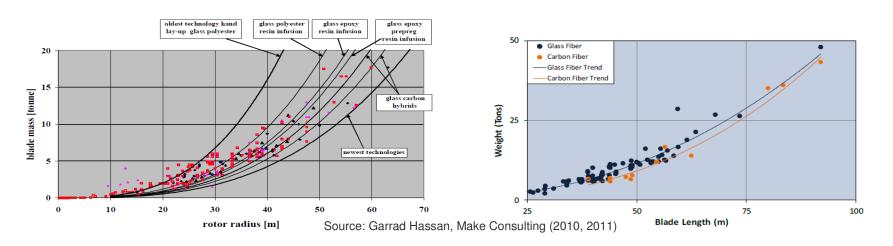




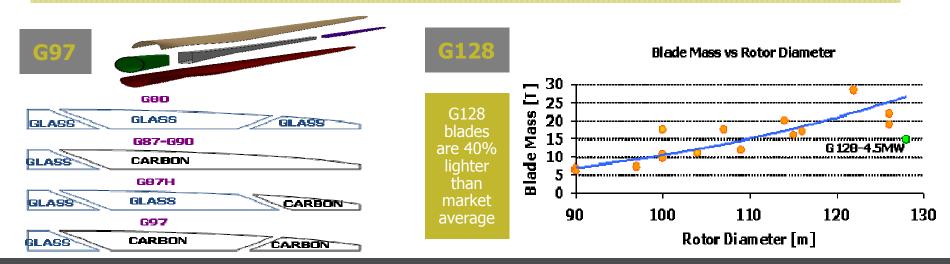


### Main trends – carbon fiber introduction

Carbon fiber replaces glass fiber to reduce blades' weight and increase robustness



Gamesa has introduced carbon fiber in its newer platforms G9X and G10X





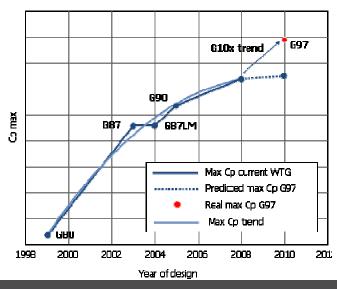


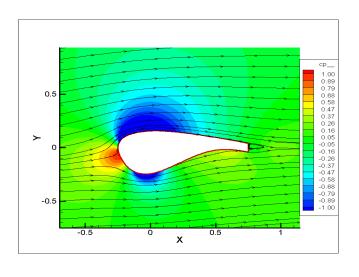
### Main trends – aerodynamic technology

### Significant improvements in recent years



#### Gamesa has been improving its Ct and Cp coefficients even more than predicted









### Main trends – longitudinal blade split

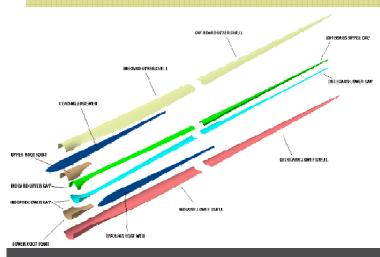
Longer blades are creating more difficulties in inland transport

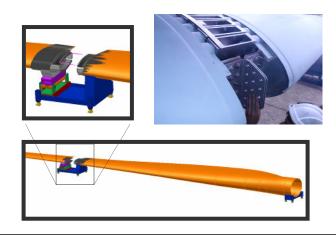






Gamesa Innoblade®- G10X blades are split in two sections to be assembled on site



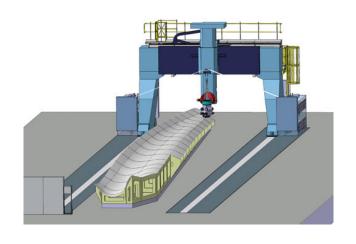


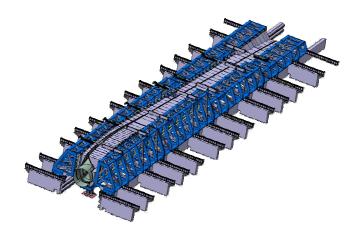




### Main trends – manufacturing automation

Automated manufacturing processes reduce costs & variability





Gamesa has introduced Fibramatic®, the new fully automated process for G9X blades

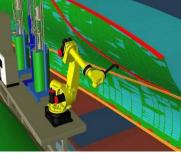
#### **Lamination**





#### **Assembly line**







# **Applicability to the Asian market**

Trend	Applicability to the Asian Market	What can be done to accelerate wind development in Asia?
Blade length growth	Longer blades will help increase returns despite low FiT values, even in countries with low wind regimes - longer blades are fundamental	Promote the introduction of turbines with longer blades and best CoE/AEP ratios –
Introduction of carbon fiber	Several countries in Asia are introducing <b>outdated turbine models</b> which result in higher maintenance costs and lower energy production	Promote the introduction of wind turbines with the most advanced materials – an increase of profitability in the long run
Blade longitudinal split	Several countries in Asia have poor transportation networks -> <b>split blades facilitate transport thus lowering costs</b>	Improve the transportation networks, subsidize the construction of new roads for wind farms and develop policies to facilitate the introduction of split blades
Improvement of aerodynamic technology	Several countries in Asia are introducing <b>outdated turbine models</b> which result in higher costs, lower energy production and unnecessary higher noise levels	Promote the introduction of the most advanced wind turbines with the best aerodynamic technology – reducing noise pollution and increasing energy production.
Automation of manufacturing processes	Several countries in Asia host blade manufacturing plants highly based in low labour costs	Develop policies to promote the implementation of automated blade manufacturing plants

Conclusion

Promote the introduction of state-of-the-art advanced wind turbines





